



DATA SHEET

Accessories for autonomous Pt100 and thermocouple temperature probes



Stainless steel thermowells

Operating temperature: From -80°C to +400°C

Protective duct	316L stainless steel, Ø9x1 mm
Mounting	Machine welded
Duct	316L stainless steel
Process connection	316L stainless steel 1/2" G male
Probe connection	316L stainless steel 1/2" G female with 316L stainless steel fixing screw 1/2" G female or thread

GST: Silicone grease in 200 g tube.

Temperature of use	From -60°C to +200°C
Storage	>1 year at room temperature (<50°C)
Solvent	Trichlorethane

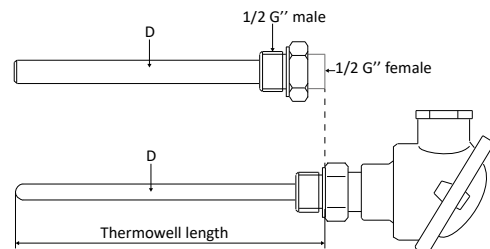


Model with thread

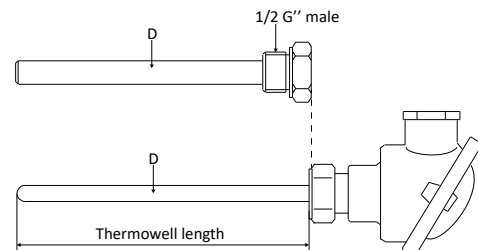


Model with fixing screw

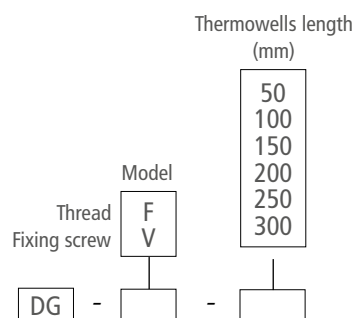
Thermowell with thread length:



Thermowell with fixing screw length:

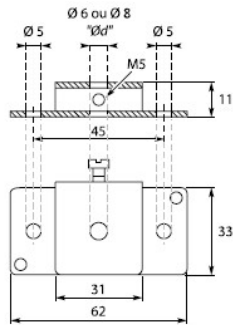
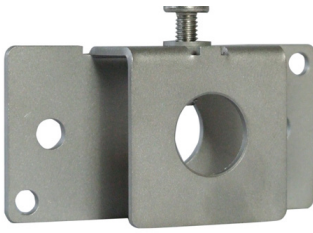


Thermowells references:

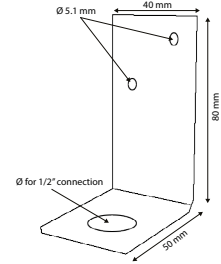


Mounting brackets

BF-6: 316L stainless steel mounting bracket for duct fixing of Ø6 mm probes



BF-M: 316 L stainless steel wall mounting support for probe with connection. Supplied with a 1/2" G screw nut.



Regulated power supply



KI-AL-100 A: Class 2 power supply for sensors. Mounting with integrated brackets.

Input voltage: 230 Vac
Output voltage: 24 Vdc
Intensity: 100 mA



KI-AL-100 C: Class 2 power supply for sensors

Input voltage: 230 Vac
Output voltage : 24 Vdc
Intensity: 250 mA

Transmitters

Head-mounting transmitter



Environmental Conditions

Operating temperature: -40 to +85 °C
Calibration temperature: 20 to 28 °C
Relative humidity: <95%HR
Protection degree (encl./terminal) : IP68/IP00

Mechanical specifications

Dimensions Ø 44 x 20,2 mm

Weight 50 g

Number of wires 3

Wire size 1 x 1.5 mm² stranded wire

Screw terminal torque 0.4 Nm

Vibration IEC 60068-2-6
from 2 to 25 Hz: ±1.6 mm
from 20 to 100 Hz: ±4 g

Common specifications

Supply voltage from 8.0 to 35 Vcc

Internal power dissipation from 25 mW to 0.8 W

Warm-up time	5 minutes
Programming	Loop link
Signal/noise ration	Min. 60 dB
Accuracy	Better than 0.1% of sel. range
Signal dynamics, input	19 bit
Signal dynamics, output	16 bit
Effect of supply voltage change	< 0.005% of EC / Vcc
EMC immunity influence	< ±0.5% of EC

Input specifications

Max. offset	50% of selected max. value
RTD type	Pt100
Cable resistance per wire	10 Ω (max.)
Sensor current	> 0,2 mA, < 0,4 mA
Effect of sensor cable resistance (3-wire)	< 0,002 Ω / Ω
Sensor error detection	Yes
Linear resistance min....max.	0 Ω...10000 Ω

Output specifications

Signal range	4...20 mA
Min. signal range	16 mA
Load (@ current output)	$\leq (V_{\text{supply}} - 8) / 0.023 [\Omega]$
Load stability	$\leq 0.01\%$ of span / 100 Ω
Sensor error indication	Programmable 3.5...23 mA
NAMUR NE43 Upscale/Downscale	23 mA / 3.5 mA
Updating time	135 ms

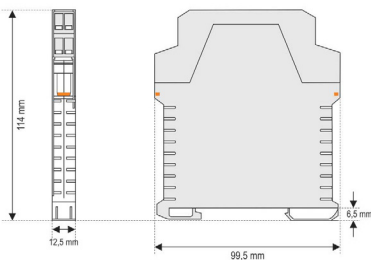
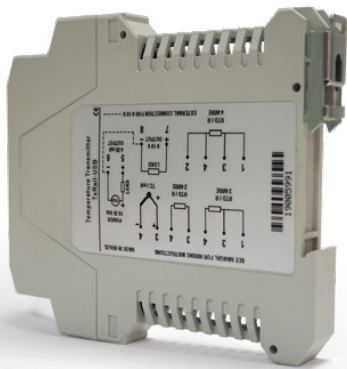
of span = of the presently selected range

We recommend to use a stabilized power supply to supply the transmitter.

Observed authority requirements

EMC	2014/30/EU
EAC	TR-CU 020/2011
Approvals	
ATEX 2014/34/UE	KEMA 10ATEX0003 X
IECEX	DEK 13.0036X
INMETRO	DEKRA 16.0014 X
CCOE	P337392/3
DNV-GL Marine	Stand. f. Certific. No. 2.4

Rail-Din transmitter



Measuring range

Pt100: from -200 to +650 °C
K thermocouple: from -150 to +1370 °C

Temperature dependency	< 0.16 % / 25 °C
Response time	1.6 s
Maximum permissible voltage at the input terminals of the converter	3 V
RTD current	800 μ A
Resistance effect of RTD cables	0.005 °C / Ω
RTD cable max resistance	25 Ω
Influence of power supply	Typical 006 % / V (percentage of maximum range).
Output (4-20 mA)	Current of 4-20 mA or 20-4 mA, type 2 fil; linear compared to the measured temperature
Output resolution (4-20 mA)	2 μ A
Output (0-10 Vcc):	Electric voltage of 0-10 Vdc or 10-0 Vdc, linear compared to the measured temperature
Output resolution (0-10 Vcc)	0.0025 V (12 bits)
Power supply	10 to 35 Vdc (4-20 mA output) and 12 to 35 Vdc (0-10 Vc output).
Maximum load	$RL (max.) = (Vdc - 10) / 0.02 [\Omega]$ where : Vdc= power supply voltage in Volts
Operating temperature	from -20 to +50°C
Humidity	from 0 to 90%RH
Connection wire cross section	0.14 to 1.5 mm ²
Electromagnetical compatibility	EN 61326-1:2006
Housing	ABS UL94-HB
Certification	CE

Electrical connections

Material	Polyamide
Connection wire cross section	0.14 to 1.5 mm ²
Screw tightening torque	0.8 Nm

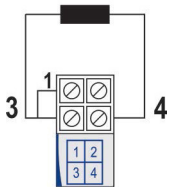
It is important to follow the recommendations below:

Signal wires should be installed in grounded conduits and away from power or contactor wires

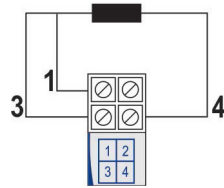
The instrument should have its own power supply wires, which should not be shared with electrical motors, coils, contactors, etc.

Installing RC filters is strongly recommended at contactor coils or any other inductors

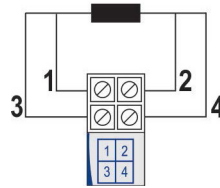
System failure should always be taken into account when designing a control panel to avoid irreversible damage to equipment or people



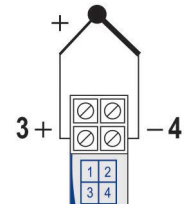
Electrical connection of the converter (Pt100 2-wire)



Electrical connection of the converter (Pt100 3-wire)



Electrical connection of the converter (Pt100 4-wire)



Electrical connection of the converter (Thermocouple)

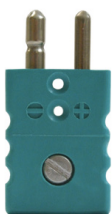
Use and configuration

Click here or flash the following code to use and set the Rail-Din converter



Connectors (only for thermocouple probes)

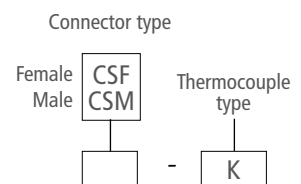
Compensated standard connector



Round pin miniature connectors for thermocouple sensors and extension or compensating cable connection. Connector is marked for pin polarity.

Material	Thermoplastic shielded with glass silk
Operating temperature	From -50 to +120°C
Colour code	IEC 584-3

Reference:



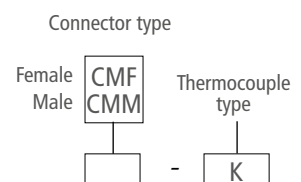
Compensated miniature connector

Flat pin miniature connectors for thermocouple sensors and extension or compensating cable connection. Connector is marked for pin polarity.



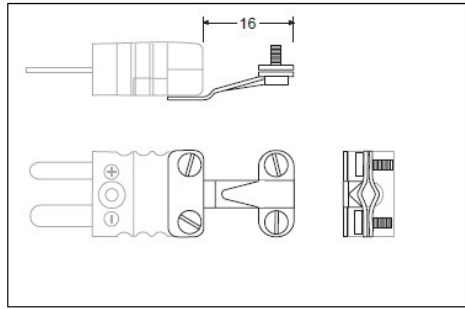
Material	Thermoplastic shielded with glass silk
Operating temperature	From -50 to +120°C
Colour code	IEC 584-3

Reference:



Wire clamp bracket (only for thermocouple probes)

Stainless steel wire clamp bracket for miniature or standard connectors.



Reference:

